UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0510 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0510/23 Paper 2 (Reading and Writing – Extended), maximum raw mark 84

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Exercise 1 Life in the Cycle Lane

- (a) (at the) weekend(s)
- **(b)** (good healthy) exercise/cheap/good for <u>carrying shopping</u>/environmentally friendly/convenient for transporting children/flat/cycle lanes

ANY TWO [1]

- (c) (it has) no chain [1]
- (d) transporting (his) children (around town) [1]
- (e) increase in traffic/congestion [1] do not accept 'quicker' on its own
- (f) <u>looking for</u> (safe) place to leave bike/<u>need to find</u> (secure) parking space/the shortage of (bicycle) parking spaces [1]
- (g) showers
 (separate) changing rooms (for males and females)

 ONE MARK FOR EACH

[Total: 8]

[2]

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Exercise 2 We can all make a difference

(a) plant 1000 trees in (a period of) five years

(b)	cultivate gardens/gardening recycle (rubbish)	BOTH NEEDED FOR ONE MARK	[1]
(c)	(in his) friends' garden(s)/around the neighbourh accept 'local areas' but do not accept 'all over the		[1]
(d)	700		[1]
(e)	(fruit trees/they are) easy to plant/easiest to plant he/other people can pick the fruit	ot ONE MARK EACH DETAIL	[2]
(f)	(public) parks AND <u>private</u> gardens do not accept 'local government compound' or 'l	BOTH NEEDED FOR ONE MARK nospital garden'	[1]
(g)	to buy (more) trees		[1]
(h)	he has an MP3 player/after gardening music is t	he love of his life	[1]
(i)	plant their trees/plant trees they buy		[1]
(j)	grows his own vegetables/buys from (local) coop uses a wood fire/puts ash on his garden uses low-energy light bulbs does not have a car does not have a computer/uses internet at l		

[Total: 14]

[4]

AWARD UP TO 4 MARKS

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Exercise 3 International Rescue Organisation – Accident Report Form

Note: correct spelling is essential throughout the form-filling exercise.

Upper case letters required at the start of proper nouns.

The conventions of form-filling (i.e. instructions to tick, circle, delete) must be observed with total accuracy

Section A: Details of Rescue Team

Full name of team: <u>M</u>ont <u>Blanc M</u>ountain <u>Rescue (Team)</u>

Full address (including country): 74 Rue Bobigny, Chamonix, France

Contact details: sauvevie-montblanc@alice.net.fr

Name of team leader: Jacques Carpentier Occupation of team leader: (Orthopaedic) surgeon

Name of person completing report: Alphonse Gaillard

Section B: Details of Accident

Date of accident: 2 April 2011

Where exactly did the accident take place? (On the) upper slopes of Mont Blanc

What was the immediate cause of the accident? CIRCLE avalanche

How many people were involved? 2/two

Was anyone injured? DELETE No

If yes, give details of the injury: leg fractured/leg broken/leg severely injured

How exactly was the injury caused? swept off ledge/fell off ledge/fell fifty metres/fell

down mountain

How long did the rescue operation take? TICK more than 6 hours

Max. total for Sections A and B: 6 marks

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Section C

Max. total for Section C: 21

If pronouns are used, the sentence must be written in the first person (i.e. 'I' or 'we' **not** 'he' or 'they')

SAMPLE SENTENCES

Our leader tied the man's broken leg to a pole and we carried him on a stretcher. We released the injured man from under the snow and took him to hospital. Jacques took a pole from one of the two stretchers and used it to secure the broken limb.

For the sentence, award up to 2 marks as follows:

2 marks: no fewer than 12 and no more than 20 words; proper sentence construction; correct spelling, punctuation and grammar; relevant to context.

1 mark: no fewer than 12 and no more than 20 words; proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation/spelling/grammar that do not obscure meaning; relevant to context.

0 marks: more than 3 errors of punctuation/spelling/grammar; and/or irrelevant to context, and/or not a proper sentence; and/or fewer than 12 words or more than 20 words.

Absence of a full stop at the end should be considered as 1 punctuation error.

Absence of an upper case letter at the beginning should be considered as 1 punctuation error.

[Total: 8]

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Exercise 4 Where am I, Robot?

Correct responses only apply if they are placed under the correct sub-heading (as detailed below). Add the correct answers to give a total out of 8.

Remember that this exercise is marked for content (reading), not language.

What we would like the robots to do for us

(max. 3 marks this section)

- clean (our) house(s)
- do (weekly supermarket) shopping
- steer (our) cars
- guide us to (our) holiday destinations

Weaknesses of the older generation of robots

(max. 2 marks this section)

- unable to distinguish between permanent and temporary features
- confused by minor changes/confused by insignificant changes/unable to function properly
- confused by identical features that may appear in different locations

What the latest robots have managed to do using Clever Map

(max. 3 marks this section)

- recognise <u>familiar</u> object(s) (as a whole)
- accept the movement of object(s)/can dismiss the absence of vehicles OR objects (as unimportant)
- no longer confused that identical features (of an object may) appear in different locations
- produce maps (of the city centre/of the countryside)
- learn details of surroundings
- use set of rules to <u>deal with changes</u>

[Total: 8]

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Exercise 5 Stay happy and healthy at exam time

Content (up to 6 marks)

Be aware that candidates may express the positives as negatives and vice versa e.g. 'don't skip breakfast'

Do

- feel prepared/check syllabus/think about topics/work through past papers
- know when and where taking exam
- talk to teachers
- (always) eat breakfast/eat well
- go to bed early/get enough sleep/stop (revising/working) an hour before bedtime
- accept help from family/friends
- take favourite toy/object to exam room

Don't

- spend (too much) time alone/give up social life
- be worried by (claims/actions of) other students
- drink coffee/fizzy drinks
- get upset by unlucky candidate number/favourite clothes in the wash

Language (up to 4 marks)

0 marks: meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with expression/nothing of relevance

1 mark: expression weak/reliance on lifting without discrimination

2 marks: expression limited/some reliance on lifting from the original, but some sense of order

3 marks: expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words

4 marks: expression very good; clear, orderly grouping and sequencing largely in own words

[Total: 10]

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Exercise 6 National Celebration Exercise 7 Computers to replace books

The following general instructions, and table of marking criteria, apply to both exercises.

- Award the answer a mark for content (C) [out of 9] and a mark for language (L) [out of 9] in accordance with the General Criteria table that follows.
- Content covers *relevance* (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/audience/register) and the *development of ideas* (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- **Language** covers **style** (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and **accuracy** (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. Then decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for **content**, look at both *relevance* and *development of ideas*. First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in **at least** the 4–5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for language, look at both the style and the accuracy of the language.
 A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in at least the 4–5 mark band.
- The use of paragraphs should not be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the work is
 in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark band,
 you can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work warrants the
 upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably **shorter than the stated word length**, it should be put in mark band 2–3 for content or lower for not fulfilling the task.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for Content and Language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2–3, the full range of marks for language is available.

[Total Exercise 6: 18] [Total Exercise 7: 18]

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GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (EXTENDED TIER)

GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCIS			d 7 (EXTE	NDED TIER)	
Mark band		ONTENT: relevance and development of ideas (AO: W1, W2, W6)	Mark band		Syllabus 0510 NDED TIER) SUAGE: style and accurac AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)
8–9	cons and and • Dev inde well leng susta read	ffective: evance: Fulfils the task, with eistently appropriate register excellent sense of purpose audience. elopment of ideas: Shows pendence of thought. Ideas are developed, at appropriate th and persuasive. Quality is ained throughout. Enjoyable to . The interest of the reader is sed and sustained.	8–9	comp Conf langu • Accu Well-	e: Almost first language petence. Ease of style. fident and wide-ranging use uage, idiom and tenses. uracy: No or very few errors-constructed and linked graphs.
6–7	appr sens • Dev well	evance: Fulfils the task, with opriate register and good se of purpose and audience. elopment of ideas: Ideas are developed and at appropriate th. Engages reader's interest.	6–7	struction and the second struction where second is a second struction and the second struction a	e: Sentences show variety of ture and length. Some style turn of phrase. Uses some as and is precise in use of abulary. However, there may be awkwardness in style and reading less enjoyable. Auracy: Generally accurate, at from occasional frustrating or errors. There are paragraying some unity, although ling be absent or inappropriate.
4–5	reas regis purp A sa mad there • Deve	tory: evance: Fulfils the task, with onable attempt at appropriate ster, and some sense of ose and audience. tisfactory attempt has been e to address the topic, but e may be digressions. elopment of ideas: Material is factorily developed at opriate length.	4–5	voca more • Acce work Simp soun spell interf Gran more Para	e: Mainly simple structures abulary, sometimes attemptice sophisticated language. uracy: Meaning is clear, and is of a safe, literate standated structures are generally and, apart from infrequent ing errors, which do not fere with communication. Inmatical errors occur when a sophistication is attempted agraphs are used but without the errors or unity.

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2–3	 Partly relevant: Relevance: Partly relevant and some engagement with the task. Does not quite fulfil the task, although there are some positive qualities. Inappropriate register, showing insufficient awareness of purpose and/or audience. Development of ideas: Supplies some detail and explanation, but the effect is incomplete. Some repetition. 	2–3	 Style: Simple structures and vocabulary. Accuracy: Meaning is sometimes in doubt. Frequent, distracting errors hamper precision and slow down reading. However, these do not seriously impair communication. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent.
0–1	 Little relevance: Limited engagement with task, but this is mostly hidden by density of error. Award 1 mark. No engagement with the task, or any engagement with task is completely hidden by density of error. Award 0 marks. If essay is completely irrelevant, no mark can be given for language. 	0–1	 Multiple types of error in grammar/spelling/word usage/punctuation throughout, which mostly make it difficult to understand. Occasionally, sense can be deciphered. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 1 mark. Density of error completely obscures meaning. Whole sections impossible to recognise as pieces of English writing. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 0 marks.